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Economics»***

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Summe 15.000 Grywen berechnet, in Autobetrieb – von Summe 80.000 Grywen. Gleichzeitig wird keinen Steuercredit durch gegenseitige Berechnungen der Seite.

Es sei betont, dass in Steuergesetzgebung gibt es keine Beschreibung von Besteuerungsansätzen der Leistungslieferung in verschiedenen Wirtschaftsbereichen. Für die Staatssteueradministration war in Zeit von Jahre 2005 bis 2009 die Möglichkeiten beide Varianten in genannte Sphäre heranziehen.

Das bestätigen die bestimmten Briefe aus Steuerbehörden in bestimmte Periode, bei deren wurden die Ordnung von Umsatzsteuerberechnung verändert. Der eingeommene Steuerkodex bestimmt nicht die genannte Besteuerungsaspekte der Personenbeförderung.

Schluß. Die Berechnung – Einkommenssumme laut der Besteuerungsbasis von Umsatzsteuer (Umfang der Lieferungsleistungen) ist notwendig in Berechnung der Gegenagenten mit Verkehrsbedingungen der Fahrgastes getrennt widerspiegelt. Die Grundlage dieses Beschlusses wie für die Steuerzahler, als auch für die Steueradministration ist die wesentliche Leistung für Endkonsumenten und die Bedingungen der Vertragsbeziehungen der Gegenagenten.

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Valentyna Martynenko
postgraduate student, teaching assistant
of Department of Economic theory
of the National University of State Tax Service of Ukraine

PROTECTION OF NATIONAL INTERESTS OF UKRAINE IN THE CONTEXT OF GLOBALIZATION

Keywords: globalization, national interests, national security, economic security, threats

At a present phase of the world development without taking into account the processes of globalization it becomes mostly impossible for all countries to forecast and elaborate measures, directed on the preserving and strengthening of its position on the world stage. Globalization is able to influence on molding of the new world trim, decreasing of opportunities of many national governments, by domination of some countries of the world community.

Generally accepted definition of this process, its scope, timing and basic directions of development doesn't exist for scientists investigating the problems of globalization. On the one hand globalization is considered as the principle of outlook of the world progress, on the other hand – it is a threat to vital interests, national identity and stability in the world [1, p.4].

Globalization discovers new opportunities for development, because it promotes formation dissemination, knowledge, new technologies. It fully allows exploiting advantages of international labour classification, industrial cooperation, more effective expenditure of resources etc. But the availability of a number of affirmative aspects of globalization is accompanied by negative consequences. These include:

the appearance of possibility to use a force approach by some countries in solving of international problems;

the increase of separative tendencies in a number of countries and intensifying of problems of territorial integrity saving;

the expansion of possibility to apply economic approvals in relation to countries, which's political regime does not arrange the developed countries;

strengthening of political and economic dependence possibility between countries, that result into spreading of the crisis phenomena;

increasing migration of labor and intellectual resources to the leading countries of the world;

expansion of the sphere of influence of global financial and economic institutions controlled by developed countries;

obtrusion of the western models of social-politics system and style of life.

Ukraine also feeling the consequences of positive and negative trends of globalization processes during last decade. Because of this situation arises the question not only to ensure an appropriate level of competitiveness on the world market but also the protection of the national interests of Ukraine from external threats, who's impact largely depends on the bleakness to the outside world. To the basic national interests of Ukraine in the context of globalization can be attributed:

saving of constitutional order and territorial integrity;

the development of the equal international cooperation, the determination of rightful place in the world economy;

the support of political, economic and social stability;

the search and implementation of effective measures for out of the crisis;

preservations of social harmony, providing of culture and traditions development of all folks on the territory of Ukraine;

preservation of constitutional rights and freedoms, personal safety, quality and level of population life on all territory of state.

The complication of the problem of safety providing national interest causes the necessity of constant development and improvement of the system of national security of Ukraine.

Total complex of tasks which faces Ukraine on world arena as well as in its inside life create a wide spectrum of internal and external threats to the national security of the country. In nowadays conditions the power and prosperity of any country so the national security defines first of all by the economy state of the country. Thereby the providing of economics security come forefront. Herewith while saving internal threats appeared a tendency of increasing threats of external character. Ukraine is a weak member of the international competition, that's why increased competition, caused by globalization affects on it mostly negative.

The number of the most probable threats to economic security of Ukraine caused by the factor of globalization r follows: a certain economic dependence on foreign credit debts, high enough external debt, intervention of international financial institutions in the reforms of country's market, deficit of payment balance, low level of investment.

An example of dangerous influence of the globalization processes on the economics security of Ukraine is a deployment of global financial crisis in 2008, which consequences

led to inflation increase and deterioration of external balance. The first who reacts on changes in world economics are such kinds of economics security as financial, investment and external security

Thus the increasing of world prices for food resources caused a significant excess of the inflation rate to 115.5% in 2008 with a maximum point 107%. The decreasing of index of the investment volumes in the main capital from 19.8% to 19% when it's needed 25% was the reason of the industry level decline that led to exaggeration of Ukraine's state in the world community. Unstable situation on the currency market and the national currency (UAH) fall against freely convertible currencies caused the fall of financial security indicator on 4%. The excess of the imported goods and services volumes over export was caused by increasing of import quota in ratio to VAT from 53.5% to 57.2%, in comparison with a negative imbalance of increasing of export quota from 48.6% to 47.9%, with a maximum index 50%. Which in turn led to decline of external economic level in 2008 on 6.3% in comparison with a same period in 2007 [2].

In these conditions the economy of Ukraine doesn't have enough potential and can't be an equal competitor on the level with other world countries that threatens the protection of its national interests from destabilizing internal and external factors. In our opinion, the protection of national interests of Ukraine in globalization conditions should be regardless of changes in goals of state policy and corresponding transformation of internal and external threats. With this aim must be created and accepted principally new strategy of Ukraine's economic security, which will be aimed on creating of the kind of national economy state, where is the effective support of the political, social and economic stability of the state at the appropriate level and achieved economic independence, which extends the concept of economic independence and invulnerability of the country from internal and external factors.

Therefore, the main objects of the state protection of national interests of Ukraine in globalization conditions processes are:

the estimation of external threats to economic security and detection of factors, which threat the stability of economic system of the state in short-terms, medium and long-terms aspects;

the formation of economic security strategy and determinations of indexes, which characterize the state of economic and meet requirements of state economic security.

List of sources:

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2. The condition of Ukraine's economic security in the first half of 2008. 10th Issue. Ministry of Economy of Ukraine. Macroeconomics Department. Dec, 2008. [Electronic resource] – Mode of access: http://www.me.gov.ua/file/link/126753/file/ekbez_1_08.doc.